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THE OBSERVER,

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### THE LOVELINESS OF DEATH.

Can death be lovely? Is there any thing in the terrible aspect of the "grim monster", which can possibly arouse in the beholder pleasant thoughts, or feelings other than those of repulsion and gloom? Under what circumstances may death divest himself of his forbidding garb, and assume the pleasing habiliments of loveliness? We have often stood with folded arms and pensive brow, beside the bed of the dying, and have felt our heart beat in sympathy and in unison with the throes of agony of the departing one, and as we witnessed the indications of pain or anguish, in the convulsive movements or nervous contortions of feature or muscle in the final struggle, we have not always recognized the loveliness of death on such occasions. But are there no occasion so circumstances under which it may be said: Behold the loveliness of death! Is the "last enemy" always terrible? Nay, verily, we rejoice to say that our eyes and heart can bear testimony, and that without a shadow of doubt or misgiving, to the fact that death is not always horrible and disgusting; but in some forms he is really lovely and beautiful, and in one of those we have recently beheld his bright appearance.

On the 29th of November, 1876, a fair young girl whose health had been delicate and uncertain in all her few, short days of life, lay through all that dark, gloomy and snowy November day in a dying condition.

As the day wore away towards the night, her gentle spirit seemed ready to depart with it also. And when at last the lingering rays of the declining day faded out of view, she, too, appeared on the verge of time to linger but a moment, and then sweetly "fell asleep in Jesus." Miss Susan J. Stroud was indeed a lovely character. Lovely in her life and in her faith; and lovely in death.

Some ten years ago, she professed the religion of our Lord Jesus Christ and on the 4th of October, 1866, was immersed by Rev. F. M. Jordan, and united with the Mars Hill Baptist church in Orange county, and subsequently with the Hillsboro church, of which she remained a lively member till death severed the tie.

From the beginning of her profession, to the time of her departure from earth, hers was the radiant "path of the just, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day," whose last hours in the *militant* state shone with the brightness of the *triumphant* to which she attained through Christ.

Her mind was clear and lucid to the last, and she refused to take alcoholic and stupefying stimulants to revive her wasting strength, giving as a reason that she did not want to die under such influences; but wished her mind to remain clear that she might think of Jesus.

There seemed to be but little pain or suffering attending her entire sickness; but that fell disease, consumption, had marked her as its victim. When asked by her mother, "Do you fear to die, my child?" "Oh, no, mother," she replied, "I long to see my Saviour. I know I shall be at rest." Her pastor asked, "Where is your trust in view of death?" Her answer was, "I trust in my blessed Saviour."

Once she looked anxiously around as if desiring to ask for something, and being questioned as to what it was replied, "Nothing but heaven."

To her weeping mother and sisters and to her many friends who stood around, overwhelmed with grief, she would turn her dying eyes, tenderly beaming, even in death, with love to all and say, "Why do you weep so, I am happy. Jesus is with me. I long to go to him, and I am patiently waiting his time." To her pastor who held her hand, she said, "Feel my pulse and tell me how long now." When informed that all pulse at her wrist had ceased to beat, and only the clammy dew of death was there, the sweetest smile of peace and joy that was ever seen on a dying countenance played around her lips and over her entire features, lovely even in death. How pleasant death seemed in that moment.

When breath was almost gone, her feeble voice was distinctly heard singing a line of the hymn, "Asleep in Jesus! blessed sleep." Then waiting a moment to recover strength she sung a strain of these words—

"It is the hope, the blissful hope,
Which Jesus' grave has given,
The hope when days and years are past,
We all shall meet in heaven."

And then, like an innocent babe that sighs itself to sleep upon its mother's gentle bosom, Miss Sue Stroud sweetly passed away from earth to heaven, without a gurgle, without a pang, without a single contortion of feature or body, with every muscle as perfectly composed as if lying in the calmest slumber, and leaning her head on the loving breast of her dear Saviour, she breathed her life out sweetly there.

Oh, the loveliness of such a death! Who can describe it! Jesus had placed his own beautiful signature upon it, and every appearance, every phase that one would naturally expect to see repulsive and disagreeable, was in the highest sense, most pleasant and comforting to the believer in "the resurrection and the life." "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints."

W. B. HARRELL.

Hillsboro N. C.

### RUM THE DEGRADER.

From the Baltimore Sun.

In the Criminal Court of Baltimore, George Barton was placed in the prisoner's dock on trial for the theft of a pair of trousers, valued at $3.50, from Joseph Brenner. He had been arrested while intoxicated, and the pantaloons, with Brenner's card on them, being found in his possession, Brenner was sent for. He had not sold them to Carton, whom he had never seen before, and Barton being unable to account for the property, he was presented for the larceny. On being asked by Judge Brown whether he had any thing to say, the prisoner addressed the court as follows:

"This is a most painful position for me, your Honor, to stand before a court of justice charged with an act so degrading as theft. As little as any one did I once think ever to be so shamed. For only four years ago I was an honored member of a bar not undistinguished for ability in another State. How I have fallen, this degradation (indicating by a gesture his position) and these rags (holding out his arms) will show. They are the effects of intemperance. I well know intoxication is no excuse in law for crime. But the essence of criminality in the intent. I am totally oblivious in regard to this act. I know not when nor where nor by whom I was arrested. Could I have intended, then, to do the act? If courts are instituted not alone to find out the truth and to punish the guilty, but to amend and restrain, they must leave narrow rules and advance to broader principles; the spirit of the law rather than its letter must be their animating principle. If this court is administered in that spirit I may again be permitted to enter those fields of exertion and enterprise where I may reclothe myself with the honor and respect of my fellow men, for whatever may be the end of this matter, I have resolved never again to degrade my manhood by intoxication. In this presence I repeat and renew the pledge of reform I had made to myself. I will devote my manhood and my old age to winning again the honor, respect, love, friends, and position I once held. I will pursue again the paths and the steps that lead to good repute and happiness.

"But conviction means something very different from these hopes. Conviction means not imprisonment only. It means shame and ruin of a life.—Every hope of rehabilitating life will be in vain. The brand will be on me. Every avenue of honest industry will be closed to me. Nowhere can I escape the stigma. If I take the wings of the morning fly to the uttermost parts of the earth, it will follow me. If for a brief space secure in obscurity it will still hang over me like the sword of Damocles over my head. Ah! how hungry the world is to catch up the evil reports that blacken men's names. I ask not for pity, but only that a way may again be opened for a man's restoration to self-respect, friends, and a home once more."

Judge Brown released the prisoner, and the Court officers and spectators made up a purse for Barton to take him home. He had been in jail fifty-six days. It is not probable that he gave his true name.

New York, Jan 27.—The papers here publish a statement that a number of officers of the late war, some of whom served on one side and some on the other, have determined to offer Iglesias their services. The conference was held in Washington yesterday afternoon. One of their number was deputed to wait upon Iglesias and formally tender him their service. This gentleman who graduated at West Point and was in the regular army when the war broke out, and latter one of the principal cavalry officers of the Confederacy, will leave here immediately for St. Louis, where he hopes to meet the ex-President and his cabinet and lay the scheme before them. They say they can easily raise 16,000 or 15,000 in Louisiana and Texas.

The announcement made here yesterday that the Metropolitan Insurance Company was in the hands of a receiver, referred to the Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company, and not the Metropolitan Life between which there is no connection. The two should not be confused to the detriment of the last named institution.

An exchange says: 'We are in receipt of two poems, one on the 'Throbbing Brain,' and another on a 'Bleeding Heart.' We will wait until we receive one on the 'Stomach Ache,' and publish all three together.

### A LESSON.

Mrs White educated her husband badly from the first. It was her custom to wait upon him always. When he came home of an evening she brought him his slippers and gown and took away his boots. If they were going away she "laid his clothes out," found his studs and sleeve-buttons, brushed his coat, and reminded him of everything he had forgotten. Now, Mr. White became so accustomed to this sort of thing that he took it as a matter of course, and did not realize how much of his wife's time was consumed by his selfishness. But the time was coming when his eyes were to be opened. It chanced that on one occasion, when contemplating a journey together, the couple missed the train. "It is your fault," said Mr White to his patient wife. "I sat in the buggy waiting for you for ten minutes." "Yes, said Mrs White, "and every time I started down stairs you sent me back for something you had forgotten." Whereupon a sharp quarrel ensued; for Mrs White was roused at last. The upshot of the matter was that they put off their visit until the next week, and it was agreed that each one should get him or herself ready and go down to the train and go, and the one who failed to get ready should be left. The day of the match came round in due time. The train was to leave at half-past ten o'clock, and Mr White, after attending to his business, went home at a quarter before ten o'clock. "Now, then," he shouted, "only three-quarters of an hour to train time. Fly around; a fair field and no favors, and know." And away they flew. Mr White made a great deal of noise, and dived into one closet after another with inconceivable rapidity, while Mrs White set about her task with calm deliberation. Mr White's first check occurred when he searched for his shirt. He emptied a drawer of its entire contents before ascertaining that it belonged to his wife. Then he vainly searched for his studs ten minutes when she humanely informed him that they were in the garment he had just taken off. Missing cuff-buttons occasioned the next delay. He had left them on the sitting-room mantel-piece, Mrs White said. By this time it was a quarter past ten o'clock, and Mrs White, who had steadily attended to her own affairs, was just putting on her bonnet. "Is my valise packed?" asked the fuming man. "No," she said," "I had hardly time to pack my own." She was passing out of the gate, when he shouted an inquiry concerning his vest. She informed him that he threw it on the hat rack, bade him good-by, and went smilingly on her way. And just as the cars moved out of the depot, Mr White, breathless and agitated, put in an appearance, too late for the train. But he never forgot the lesson, and Mrs White waits on him no more.

### THOUGHTFUL THOUGHTS.

The pleasures of this world are deceitful; they promise more than they give. They trouble us in seeking them, they do not satisfy us when possessing them, and they make us despair in loosing them.

He who says education says government; to teach is to reign; the human brain is a sort of terrible wax that takes the stamp of good or evil, according to whether an ideal touches it or a claw seizes it.

Of all the love on earth the one most like the divine love is that of the good mother—so unselfish, unforgetting, watchful, considerate, free from jealousy, and desiring the good of her children far more than her own happiness.

The human heart is like a mill-stone in a mill; when you put wheat under it, it turns and grinds, and bruises the wheat into flour; if you put no wheat into it, it still grinds on, but then it is itself it grinds, and it slowly wears away.

The miser toils for riches, the hero for fame, the scholar that his name may be known to coming ages. How much higher and nobler the aim of the Christian who is living for eternity—toiling for a crown of everlasting life!

The man who lives right, and is right, has more power in his silence than another has by his words. Character is like bells which ring out sweet music, and which, when touched accidentally even, resound with sweet music.

Punch is no mean authority on some matters in his little sea-girt isle. Here is his vision of the weather as it falls upon him all the year round:

'Dirty days hath September.
April, June, and November,
And from February until May,
The rain it raineth every day.
All the rest have thirty-one,
Without a single gleam of sun;
And if any should have thirty-two,
They'd be dull and dirty too.'

The Baltimore *Gazette* says, first class in arithmetic stand up. If the Democrats could have bought the Louisiana returning board for a cool million, what is the present value of Hayes' claim to the presidency?

The borrower has a short memory.

### POLITICS AND COLLECTION PLATES.

Recently a Radical who is a preacher, tackled Uncle Remus on the subject of politics.

"I understand, old man,' said he, 'that you are a Democrat.'

'I dunno, 'bout 'dat boss.'

'Well, it comes pretty straight.'

'I know dey got two sides, one what dey call Demmy crat an' de udder what dey call Radi kel, but I don't bodder wid 'em w'en de wedder gits dis stiff.'

'But, I hear you vote the Democratic ticket every time.'

'I wots told my young marster what I nussed w'en he want no bigger dan a duck rabbit.'

'Now don't you know this is going back on your color?'

'But hit ain't gwine back on my belly, an' ef I don't tend to dat, de fus' cole rain dat comes 'long mout wash de color right outen me. I'ain't takin' no chances in dis bizness' boss I'm a gettin' old, and de ol er I gits de hongrier I gets I does for a fact.'

'Look at me, I vote the republican ticket, and I'm not losing my flesh.'

'You sorter preaches 'round like don't you boss?'

'Sometimes. Yes. Why?'

'Caze oat's whar de fun comes in, I don't git no chance fer ter feed outen no beaver hat, an' I don't eat offen no plates what dey takes up church bleckshuns in. I'm a mighty lonesome ole nigger, an' his ter scuffle long the bes' I kin widout enny congergation at my back.'

The preacher looked at his watch, and said he would take some more at another time, while Uncle Remus with a serene smile upon his venerable face, went down the street singing:

Oh! whar shill we go w'en de great day comes
Wid de blowing' up de trumpet an' de bangin' uv de drums?
How many po' sinners will be cotch'd out late,
An' fine no latch to de golden gate?

### PEARLS.

The guardian angel of life sometimes flies so high that it can not be seen; but is always looking down upon us, and will soon hover nearer to us.

Affliction is the wholesome soil of virtue, where patience, honor, sweet humanity, and calm fortitude take root and strongly flourish.

If you would be pungent, be brief for it is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are condensed, the deeper they burn.

Hearts may be attracted by assumed qualities, but the affections are only to be fixed by those that are real.

Nature often enshrines gallant and noble hearts in weak bosoms—oftenest, God bless her! in the female breast.

The blush is nature's alarm at the approach of sin, and her testimony to the dignity of virtue.

No one who holds the power of granting aid to the worthy poor, can refuse it without guilt.

For every sort of suffering, save that of sin, there is sleep provided by a gracious Providence.

A miser grows rich by seeming poor; and extravagant person grows poor by seeming rich.

Men resemble the gods in nothing so much as in doing good to their fellow creatures.

Never marry but for love; but see that thou lovest that which is lovable.

What is becoming is honorable, and what is honorable is becoming.

When anger, rises, think of the consequences.

It is difficult to grow old gracefully.

An unprincipled bachelor says troubles never come single.

Foote, on being scolded by a lady, said: "I have heard of tartar and brimstone. You are the cream of the one and the flower of the other."

'Jones has a revence for truth,' said Brown. 'So I perceive,' was Smith's reply 'for he always keeps a respectable distance from it.

A New Jersey woman is so cleanly that she uses two rolling-pins, one for the pie crust and the other for her husband's head.

The greatest joiner—the lawyer: He can place a tenant, panel a jury, chisel a client, angur the gains, saw a witness, cut his board, nail the case, hammer the desk, file his bill, and shave the whole community.

A farmer who had sent a bale of cotton to a warehouse instructed a merchant to have the same sold. The merchant complied with the request, and the sample was disposed of. The farmer, upon examining his statement, heard muttering to himself: 'Drayage, wharfage, instanage, storage, leakage, weighage—well, I'll take the balance out in fightage.'

# Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY......FEB. 14 1877.


## A DECISION IN THE FLORIDA CASE.

Hon. J. J. Davis telegraphed to Raleigh on Friday evening that the Commission would on Saturday report Florida for Hayes, *by a strict party vote.* Mr. Davis adds that "we are sanguine on points yet to come."

If as he says, the decision was reached by a strict party vote, we confess we do not see the grounds of his hope, for that expression indicates the partisan view the majority of the Commission will take of all other cases. We had given the Supreme Court branch of the Commission capacity to rise above party considerations, and to view the question in which it is presented to all honest minds.

It is true, Judge Bradley, who was selected to fill the place intended for Judge Davis, brought no guarantee for his purity or fairness. His elevation was due to a knowledge of a readiness to decide a case regarded as unconstitutional in accordance with the views of the President. He therefore seemed an unsafe hand to turn the scales when party interests hung in the balance.

A despatch to the Petersburg *Index and Appeal* says the counsel for the Democrats do not fear for the Election of Tilden; they are only apprehensive for Hendricks. If this is correct, it must mean that Louisiana will not be counted for either candidate, and then the election will be thrown into the House, which elects Tilden, and gives Wheeler to the Republicans.

## A TIDAL WAVE OF THEFT.

Within the past fortnight more instances of wholesale defalcation and embezzlement of trust funds have occurred than in any period within our remembrance for so short a time. Bank Cashiers, Insurance Presidents and others entrusted with the funds of depositors have made sweeping appropriation of stocks, deposits and securities to such an extent that institutions have been compelled to go into liquidation. No corporations have been more conspicuously the victims of these robberies than Insurance Companies, and faith in their integrity is becoming fearfully shattered. These companies have won a hold upon popular confidence by their high pretensions to humanity and generous consideration for the welfare of the distressed that most effectually disarmed them of distrust. They seemed to be a humanized corps of angels intent upon guarding men against the effects of their own want of thrift and prudence, stepping in between the accidents of fortune and the daily course of life to compel and secure provision against reverses or negligence.

They are proving but saintly hypocrites, and Insurance Companies bear watching as well as everything else human. Their dishonesty is well calculated to inspire caution. It will be at least well enough to have a care of those institutions abroad who find their profits so great that they can gem the great cities of the North with magnificent palatial places of business, and spend nine tenths of their receipts in riotous living.

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The business outlook seems to brighten. One thing seems to be certain, and that is, that peace is secured. The business interests of the country cannot live under longer repression. It has waited to spring elastic into new life as soon as that repression is removed. And though the political situation may not be as we had most sanguinely expected. Yet the mere fact of peace will go a great way towards the restoration of business.

Hard lessons of experience of the past three years are a safeguard for the present at least against the wildness that characterized the years before 1873, and business will open prudently, and go on until the tide of prosperity again swells into a rushing torrent to end as usual in the ever recurring cycle of panic and general bankruptcy.

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The Usury bill passed the House on Thursday just as it came from the Senate and is now a law. Its repeal has been demanded by the business men all over the State, because they found the law the most effectual clog on business that was ever devised. It was demanded in many parts of the State by the very class supposed to be most open to its benefits—the farmer—who found, especially in the eastern counties, that he could not carry on the extensive operations of a cotton crop without the aid of the banks or monied men. They were not inclined to accommodate on the meagre limits fixed by the law and used their money elsewhere. Money was locked up or it was swept out of the State

In connection with other things, the repeal of the Usury law promises better times in the future.

## THE ELECTORAL COMMISSION.

We write in ignorance of the decision of the Commission on the Florida case which was taken into consideration on the first day of its session. Its importance, as the point upon which the question may entirely hinge has brought to its solution the strongest of all legal and intellectual power.

That legal jesuit, Evarts, has brought to his side of the subject all that strength of argument for which he is conspicuous, and much more of that zeal to make the worse appear the better side than he is accustomed to exhibit. His position in the Johnson impeachment case won him a character of fairness as a man, and integrity as a patriot, which he has lost utterly by his advocacy of the extremest of the unconstitutional doctrines of the most ultra of fanatic or desperate Republicans.

In the telegraphic reports of Mr. Evarts speech we were surprised to hear from him such a remark as this: that the attempt to bring Judges into the workings of this scheme—that is, the Electoral Commission—of popular sovereignty will make it intolerable, since the decision of the Judges will over-ride and supersede the will of the people.

The question naturally occurred, may not the Commission, created for the very purpose of seeing that the will of the people, was not overridden and superseded, as it was by the machinery of the Returning Boards? Was it not just to the people? Was it not better to call in a tribunal, extra-constitutional though it might be, but learned and honest, to interpret the will of the people, rather than its voice should be stifled, by a body confessedly corrupt, and intent, from its very inception, upon the boldest frauds, that the will of a party, not of a people, might be expressed?

But surprise has ceased when the full text of the speech of Mr. Evarts appears. He goes even farther in the suffocation of the will of the people than is expressed in the remark first quoted. He endorses the assertion of his colleague, Mr. Stoughton, that if a Board performed the duty assigned to it 'however mistaken, however clouded with error, however tainted with fraud,' their decision must stand irreversible, and all inquiry must end. And Mr. Evarts goes on to contend that the disqualifications prescribed by the Constitution to federal office holders being electors, is no bar to the counting the votes of such electors, if they have been certified by State officers or Returning Boards.

This bold stand by a man presumed to be conservative in temper shows to what extremes the more violent of his party are bent on taking. If presumably moderate men as he take such wild ground, then the need of such interposition as is made by the electoral Commission becomes apparent. That Commission after all may disappoint us. But, if after the avowal of such doctrines as those of Mr. Evarts, and the presentation of the infamies connected with the Louisiana returns, the Commission sustains both, we shall not only be disappointed, but we shall despair, for then there shall seem to abide no longer with man honesty or clearness of judgment. Evarts is palpably wrong, and the Louisiana frauds transparent as air. If both are sustained by the Commission, then we may argue that wrong is right, and fraud is honesty.

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No common school law will be complete that does not look to a longer period of study for the pupils, and a larger amount of compensation for the teachers. Short periods of study turn pupils loose to forget in the long interval, nearly all they have learned. Small compensation is apt to bring to the field of instruction, men incompetent, from their own defective education, to teach others. Men of sufficient qualification will not devote themselves to the ill paid services and ungrateful labors of an avocation less liberally rewarded than the toil of the day laborer.

All recognize the value of education. Many clamor for relief from the State. But all must agree, that to make the system fruitful in the benefits expected requires more means than have been allotted.

If there is any tax that is tolerable, it is that for purposes of education.

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The Capitol at Raleigh cost about $545,000. So says the Raleigh *News.* This is a few thousand less than the sum we have always fixed in answers to the question. The enclosure of the grounds in after years was another item amounting to twenty or twenty five thousand dollars.

Commodore Wilkes, the leader of the great American Exploring Expedition round the world in 1838 and three succeeding years is dead at the age of 76. He was of late years a resident of this State, having been a part owner of the High Shoals in Lincoln county.

Mr. Wagner, revenue agent, telegraphs from Greensboro, N. C. that Deputy Marshal Robertson, of South Carolina, reports two killed and several wounded by illicit distillers raided on by him without troops.

## MIDHAT PASHA.

The great Turkish Prime Minister has fallen, and is an exile. For the first time in Turkish history, the diplomacy of Turkey furnished a Minister who impressed his own genius and ideas, not only upon his own government but upon Europe. For the first time, the Empire was individualized in a subject, and the Sovereign fell into the back ground. In Midhat Pasha, Cavour of Sardinia, Metternich of Austria, Bismark of Prussia found not only an imitator but a rival in boldness of views and in vigor of execution.

The Turkish Prime Minister was the representative of that reactionary spirit of the Moslem faith, which clings to its opposition to what civilization calls progress, which fans its hate to the Christian into fiercest fury, and relies upon the fanatic zeal of Moslem bigotry to rouse a resistance to Christian pretensions, and from all part of their religious world to raise an opposition, that will not only breast the tide of European progress but carry the Crescent to higher points of glory.

It was through the influence of this man, that the conferences have all come to nought, and the Western Embassies forced to withdraw from the Porte in sullen anger, perfectly content to leave Turkey to the tender mercies of Russia. The compulsory resignation of Midhat Pasha seems to come too late, for the Czar is reported as already on the march. But we cannot help admiring the last blaze of fanatic fury, flashing in the cause of a sinking empire, and of a false religion.

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In reply to an often asked question, who will be counted in as President, we can only answer, that our questioners are as wise as we are. *We know* that Tilden is honestly elected, but as to the ultimate result of the Commission, we have more of hope than of faith. When a solemnly constituted body undertakes to smother up frauds by giving it the force of truth under the forms of law, We confess to very grave apprehensions as to the result. But as we are not given to despair, and cling to hope as long as its light lingers above the horizon, we will await those farther investigations which may possibly enlighten the present dark aspect.

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We promised our readers to give them this week a synopsis of the bill creating Courts of Common Pleas. But the bill is undergoing modifications and changes that would make the synopis incorrect. We therefore postpone it until it is complete.

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Our synopses of the County Government bill published last week, contained some errors, the copy of the bill we used for the synopsis being incorrectly published. On our first page of next issue will be found the bill correctly printed as it now stands. A few changes may be made by the House.

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The Charlotte *Observer* says: After the appointment of Supreme Court Judges, many entertained the hope that justice would guide their councils and that the man whom the people elected would yet occupy the Presidential chair, but a dark shadow seems to have fallen over those expectations since the recent determination of the Commission not to go behind the returns. Frauds, gross, palpable and shocking frauds, exist behind the returns of a bribed and perjured returning board, and yet, Judges of the Supreme Court of America decide that the frauds shall be let alone and that right shall give way to wrong! The disposition of that committee seems to be to override all law and justice and go blindly for party. They are under the most solemn oaths to do equal justice before man. Will they do it? It cannot and it has not been denied that the darkest of frauds taint all the proceedings of the returns from Florida and Louisiana. Hold up those certificates to the Hayes electors from those States! They are black and reeking with corruption and crime! Will Hayes accept an office under such circumstances? If he does, the certificates of Louisiana and Florida, like the Scarlet Letter will glare upon his person in characters of fire, bring reproach upon his administration and proclaim his shame to the world for all time to come.

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The Richmond *Whig* winds up an article on the Louisiana situation before the Commission thus: Nor does their scoundrelism end here. After falsifying the returns with the brazen effrontery of convicts who have no characters to be injured by exposure, it is in proof their chief, the master spirit of the conspirators, J. Madison Wells, actually hawks the vote of the State about for sale to the highest bidder. To say that the Commission cannot go behind a return that is made by an illegally-constituted board, that is steeped in fraud and that is falsified by evidence as convincing and clear as the noonday's sun in a cloudless sky, is to declare that the laws of the land are but made to protect knaves and to swindle honest men out of their rights.

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The Grangers are regarded in many quarters as a failure. Perhaps they are in some respects, for they have been powerless to change the established currents of trade. Nevertheless they have an incalculable impression upon agricultural interests, and in the elevation of the farmer and his avocation in the consideration of mankind. There is no failure here, and the country will have reason to bless the Grangers as one of its greatest regenerative interests.

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Washington, Feb. 9.—No Joint Convention to-day.

The Commission will report Florida to-morrow for Hayes. Strict party vote.

We are sanguine on points yet to come.

J. J. Davis.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Senate.—Mr. Windom, of Minnesota, introduced a bill appropriating $7,000 for the expenses of the Electoral Commission. Referred to the committee on appropriations.

Washington, Feb. 9.—House went into committee of the whole on private calendar business.

Reports from the Louisiana committee were submitted and ordered printed. The majority report declares that the Democratic electors were elected, and denounces the action of the Returning Boards as fraudulent and void; and the minority report declares that the Hayes electors have been duly elected.

Washington, Feb. 9.—It seems understood that the Commission has decided to give the State to Hayes, but it is claimed that this conclusion was reached by the Republican members of the court upon grounds that are fatal to the final success of their party. It is true that neither party is happy over the little that has transpired.

The Electoral Commission, by a vote of 8 to 7, decided that the four electoral votes of Florida should be counted for Hayes and Wheeler. The final report was signed by Bradley, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield, Hoar, Miller, Morton and Strong.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The stunning effect of the party division of the commission on the main question to-day is somewhat dissipated this morning. The *Union* claims that in all essential particulars the question is before the commission in the shape indicated and desired by Mr O Conor in his opening statement.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The argument in the Florida case is closed. Each side used their powers in the argument, which was very close and [illegible]. The commission will take case into private consideration early to-morrow morning and it is expected will reach a result during the day. The Democrats have little hope for anything more favorable to them than the throwing out of the vote. The contest in the Louisiana case will be over the legality of the Returning Board itself. It will be claimed that there has been no canvass of the votes and that no electors have been appointed. The same excellent authority which furnishes these rather discouraging foreshadowings, expresses absolute confidence that the commission has inaugurated a line of procedure that must throw out the vote of Watts, the Oregon postmaster.

Washington, Feb. 8.—House.—Hale presented a communication from J. Madison Wells and Thomas C. Anderson, stating that they were confined in a damp, dark cell where their health was being undermined on account of the dampness and ill-ventilation of the cell. He presented a resolution directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove the prisoners to a better room. After a debate, the resolution was referred to the committee on Louisiana election.

Carr asked leave to offer a resolution directing that inasmuch as the electoral commission had refused to receive evidence taken by the Southern committees, the members of the Louisiana Returning Board will be released from custody. Bland objected.

## D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.

Charleston letters say that D. H. Chamberlain, the chief of the carpet-baggers who have been engaged in plundering South Carolina for the past eight years, is setting his house in order for a speedy departure from his present field of operations. If he does not hasten his preparations, and omit a formal leave-taking, it is possible that he will find impediments in the way of his proposed journey north, in the shape of processes from the courts of the state. It is well known that in the state convention in which he received his last nomination for governor, there was a fierce quarrel between Chamberlain and Elliott, the negro leader of the black wing of the republican party in South Carolina, and that while this was raging, Elliott declared that he had it in his power to send the governor to the penitentiary. Elliott was finally hushed and in the canvass that followed the two ran harmoniously together upon the same ticket. A letter from Chamberlain to his old friend and confederate, Parker, which has recently been printed in the Charleston News and Courier is supposed to be one of the dangerous documents to which Elliott referred. It was written at the time that the state financial board, of which Chamberlain was the leading spirit, was engaged in its fraudulent issues of bonds, and shows that he was profiting personally by those frauds. Several of Chamberlain's former intimates, with whom he has quarrelled at different times, have boasted that they had it in their power to ruin him, and it would not be surprising if he should yet end his Southern career in the the penitentiary, through evidence supplied by his former companions in crime.—*New York Sun.*

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The New York *Herald* thus recounts the line of argument taken by the Republican lawyers before the Electoral Commission:

"We are disappointed to find Mr Evarts deliberately adopting the views of his associates who preceded him, and advocating the claim of Mr. Hayes on grounds which so closely resemble a pleading of the statute of limitations in bar of a just debt. This may be a valid defence in law, but it is repugnant to every principle of morals. * * * * * * The whole drift of Mr. Evarts' reasoning is to prove that the Commission cannot go behind the certificates sent up from the States. But the Commission is expressly clothed, by the act under which it is organized, with all the authority which Congress itself or either house of it possesses in such a matter. But both houses have made an unequivocal assertion of their right to go behind the certificates by appointing committees of investigation to take testimony in all the disputed States. It would be more than idle it would be preposterous, for Congress to order such investigations if the mere certificates are binding and it has no authority to question their validity. Congress interpreted its own powers and decided against Mr. Evarts in advance by appointing those committees of investigation, and it has explicitly transferred to the Commission whatever powers on this subject it possessed itself."

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The N. Y. *Herald* of the 9th says, in reviewing the effects of the Florida decision upon the Democratic prospects, that Mr. Tilden has no longer anything to stand upon, excepting the certificates sent to the President of the Senate and such testimony as may be offered to prove that particular electors were ineligible. This is a slender reliance. In the case of Humphreys, the contested Florida elector, it rests upon a wire drawn legal technicality. The objection to the Oregon elector, Watts, is not quite so unsubstantial; but the Democrats must be very sanguine if they expect to succeed when their hopes hang on so slender a thread as a dispute over the meaning of the word "vacancy," which is the turning point of the Oregon dispute. The eight Republicans who form the majority of the Commission are not very likely to award the Presidency to Mr. Tilden on a mere refinement as to whether there was a vacancy which the two undoubted Hayes electors were empowered to fill.


## A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York.

## NOTICE.

Application will be made to the present General Assembly by the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Hillsboro for permission to sell or lease the Hillsboro, Male Academy.

C. C. TAYLOR,
Feb. 1st 1877. Town Clerk.

SEEDS. PLANTS!

## -BULBS-

Sent by MAIL, to any Post Office. Assortment large, prices moderate, and selection best. Send for Priced Lists. Merchants, Druggists, and Dealers supplied at lowest wholesale rates.

EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.
Nurserymen and Seedsmen, York, Pa.

## A. W. GRAHAM,
## Attorney at Law.
*HILLSBORO, N. C.*

Practices in the counties of Orange, Alamance, Person, Chatham and Granville. Claims collected in any part of the State.

## E. D. HEARTT.
WITH
## SEDDON and BRUCE.
*IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS*
OF
## Groceries and Liquors,
*VIRGINIA STREET.*
*RICHMOND.*
sept. 13 6m. VA.

THE
## The North Carolina Home
## INSURANCE CO.
OF
*RALEIGH, N. C.*

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise
AND
**All Classes of Insurable Property,**
AGAINST
*Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.*

Its Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

*All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.*

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of property in North Carolina.

**Encourage Home Institutions.**

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President,
C. B. ROOT, Vice President,
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents
dec. 12 12m. Hillsboro, N. C

## Dr. D. A. Robertson.
**Surgeon Dentist.**
*Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.*

Will continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Tuesday of every month.
And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.
Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.
Orders left with Charles M. Parks will be promptly attended to. March 4 ly.

## John H. Tyler & Co.
Successors to
MITCHELL AND TYLER.
1003 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
*Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware.*
GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.
Watches repaired in the best manner.
HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.
Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise. Oct. 7 1y.

## ST. JAMES HOTEL,
12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square
*Richmond, Va.*
**T. W. Hoenniger,**
PROPRIETOR.

A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1876 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public. Charges reduced $3, $2.50 and $2 per Day, according to size and location of Room—with uniformity in every other respect.

J. M. MURRIE, C. M. HUTCHINGS,
J. A. HERNDON.
## Murrie, Hutchings & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
## Groceries,
STAPLE DRY GOODS, FERTILIZERS, &c.
R. W. Lawson & Co's. old stand,
MAIN STREET,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
Oct 4 1y.

## THOS. McCULLY,
## GEM SALOON.
Craighead Street (Near Main,)
Danville, Va.

Keeps supplied with FISH, OYSTERS and GAME (in season,) and can serve them in any manner in his Restaurant. Bar well stocked with choice Liquors, Cigars and the best brands of Chewing Tobacco.

BILLIARD TEMPLE.
Up stairs, contains Geo. E. Phelan's first class tables, and is lighted by Gas. A Call Solicited.
Oct 4 3m.

## A. L. Ellett & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
## DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
Nos. 8, 10 and 12th St.
RICHMOND, VA.

Offer to the Merchants of the South, the LARGEST and CHEAPEST assortment of GOODS they have ever been able to offer to the trade. Oct 4 3m.


## A PROCLAMATION.
BY THE GOVERNOR.
## $200 REWARD.
Executive Department,
Raleigh, January 22, 1877.

Whereas, Official information has been received at this Department that George Lloyd, late of the county of Orange, stands charged with the murder of William E. Thompson; and whereas, it appears that the said George Lloyd has fled the state, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him.

Now, therefore I, Zebulon B. Vance, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said George Lloyd to the Sheriff of Orange county, at the Court House in Hillsboro, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh the twenty-second day of January, 1877, and in the hundred and first year of American Independence.

ZEBULON B. VANCE.
By the Governor:
DAVID M. VANCE,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

George Lloyd is about twenty-two years old, five feet ten inches high, has light complexion, fair hair and reddish whiskers and moustache, and blue eyes. He weighs about one hundred and fifty pounds.
Jan. 30 1m.


## HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY.
## HILLSBORO, N. C.
The Spring Session of this
CLASSICAL & MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL,
Commences Jan. 15th 1877.
For circulars apply to the Principals.
HAMILTON & MORSON.
Jan. 3. tf.

SELECT
## Boarding and Day School,
*HILLSBORO, N. C.*

The Thirty-Sixth session of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's School will open on Friday, February 2nd, 1877.
Board and Tuition [illegible]
Circulars sent on application.
Jan. 3. 1m.

# The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY ..... FEB 8, 1877.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the RECORDER for 1874.
For 1 year. $1.50.
" 6 months. 75.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.


See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

### Levy's Ad.

Read and mark well Levy's splendid advertisement. Levy is the man to make hard times fall lightly upon the world.

Good hard freezes several nights last week, and the fruit trees prudently withhold all attempts to bud. Last year at this time plum and peach trees were in full bloom, and as a result, little or no fruit.

Rumors of the arrest of Lloyd the murderer of Thompson, are as plenty as blackberries, but we hear nothing to which we attach much importance. The last rumor is that he is in custody at Asheville. We rather think he has never gone so far from home.

There are upwards of a hundred students at the University with a prospect of farther increase.

Mr. S. S. Nash from Tarboro dropped in upon his friends with a pleasant surprise to them on Saturday. He officiates in an agreeable capacity on Tuesday evening at Raleigh. When can we tender him our congratulations as a principal in a similar happy occasion?

### Governor Hampton.

We acknowledge from the publishers, Walker Evans and Cogswell of Charleston S. C. a fine lithographic portrait of the gentleman lately raised to the gubernatorial chair crowned with a civic wreath of character as brilliant as the military fame so splendidly won in the late war. Gen'l. Hampton spent several days here in the closing scenes of the contest, during the negotiations between Johnson and Sherman resulting in the armistice and preliminaries of surrender near Durham. The lithograph vividly recals that warlike and handsome face.

### Butter.

A good deal of pleased surprise has been expressed at the quantity of butter which has kept the Hillsboro market fully supplied and at low prices at a period when usually it is both scarce and high. We presume it grows out of the fact that the hardness of the winter has compelled farmers to keep up their cattle and feed them, and we have no doubt that they are surprised to find unexpected profit where they looked for loss. The hint given is well worth consideration. Stock of all kinds fully repay all the trouble spent on them. And we in the South are not in the habit of giving much care to our cows. Their production is like the gathering of wild fruit, to be had for the plucking and that without cultivation.

### Fire at Chapel Hill.

The Old Chapel at the University, known as Person Hall was accidentally burned last week. It was one of the earliest structures of the institution.

### Death of Jas. S. Leathers.

We regret to hear of the death of this gentleman, which occurred on Wednesday last after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Leathers had been in the course of his life a prominent citizen of the county, and was at one time a member of the House of Commons from Orange. At the time of his death he was about 65 years of age.

### Affray Near Durham.

We hear of a bloody affray which took place near Durham on Thursday night, which may result in the death of two persons. A party of men assembled at a place of doubtful repute fell out and a quarrel began ending in shooting by Frank Collins, of two men, John Ellis and "Pump Carr." One of the parties received a pistol shot in the right breast, just below the nipple; the other was shot in the lower part of the abdomen; and also received a shot in the right thigh. The wounds are very serious.

The party of which Collins was the leader consisted of himself and two others, one Barrow, and a tramp named Humphreys. They all fled immediately after the bloody deed, and are still at large.

### The Fire in Durham.

The fire to which we referred last week was on the premises of Mr. Matthews, the police reporter of Durham. The house took fire about [illegible] from a match on the roof and was speedily wrapped in flames. The efforts made to extinguish it were of little avail, and the efforts was principally directed to getting out the furniture, which was nearly all saved in a damaged condition.

We regret to learn that Mr Woodburn of the Durham *Herald* who was a boarder of the house suffered heavily in injury to furniture.

A lady in our neighborhood who had suffered for over three months the most extreme torture by a violent cough, has become completely cured by Dr Bull's Cough Syrup. For sale in every drug store.

*Editor's Correspondence.*

RALEIGH FEB. 8th 1877.

I have before mentioned the unusual manifestation elicited by a portion of the colored population of this State for the security of their rights since the restoration of Democratic rule in this State, and the remedy they propose to find in a grand scheme of colonization beyond the Mississippi under the direction of the General Government. I have also shown that the scheme did not find full favor with all the blacks. I am inclined to think the colored advocates are, as usual, catspaws for designing whites, and that the subject is agitated at this time to strengthen the charge of injustice and oppression alleged to be the inseparable concomitant of Democratic control over the negro.

The subject had a full ventilation to-day in the House. Some weeks since, Wm Jamson, the colored member from Franklin county, a smart fellow, a good speaker, and uncommonly liberal in his votes and in his sentiments, introduced a resolution of instruction to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, calling upon them to secure the enactment of a law providing a place of refuge in some unoccupied territory belonging to the government, beyond the Mississippi, to which all the negroes should be removed, there to live and thrive, a pure and unadulterated negro State, free from the terrors of white tyranny or white influence. To-day was the time fixed for the discussion of the resolutions, and the lobbies and galleries of the House were filled at an early hour with negroes of both sexes attracted there by the fact that it was a field day for negro orators.

At half past 12 o'clock, the resolution was taken up as the Special Order. Somewhat to the surprise of the white side of the house, and certainly to the dismay of the other side, and the sable auditors, the discussion of the bill was opened by the member from Johnston in a very well written speech of half an hours duration. But this was not what the audience had come to hear.

So soon as Mr Ryals took his seat, Hill, a negro member from New Hanover rose. He is very black, but he is well educated, and his enunciation very perfect, with nothing of the negro in his tone. He read his speech, which flung defiance full in the face of Williamson. Hill had no idea of exchanging the fat fields and the peaceful firesides of North Carolina for the barren waters and hostile neighborhood of scalping and tomahawking Indians. He was not willing to exchange his social relations with the white man or even declare himself independent of him, for the shadowy glory of being monarch of all he surveyed under the protecting walls of the Rocky Mountains.

Reynolds, a colored member from Halifax followed Hill in support of his ideas.

Williamson followed in support of his resolution. He takes the ground that the measures devised by the Democrats for the relief of the Eastern counties are all directly aimed at the rights and the security of the colored people; that the attempt to secure the whites equal rights and justice with the negro in those counties is a violation of pledges made by the Democratic party; that even Governor Vance with his liberal views and fair promises is not to be trusted, since he cannot control his party; that if the Democratic party, so soon after its return to power, shows this readiness to oppress, and this contempt of its faith, there is no hope for the negro but in the desperate act of expatriation.

Dr. Winslow from Randolph followed with a humorous substitute for Williamsons' resolutions, providing that the Constitution of North Carolina be amended for the especial elevation and predominance of the negro race; that all legislation should tend to that end; that the negro alone shall be eligible to office, and all all places of trust, honor and profit, &c &c, *provided the white people are willing.*

Mr. Purnell also offered an amendment to Williamsons' resolution providing that Williamson be allowed to depart in peace to his paradise, and be at liberty to take with him all who might wish to go—provided Williamson would pay all expenses. Williamson retorted upon his white Republican brother, by excluding Mr Purnell from the privilege of going with him.

Mr Rose moved to lay the resolution on the table, and on the vote which did table it, it appeared that it was no question of either party or color, for Democrats voted with colored Republicans to lay the resolution on the table and some of these last voted with Democrats against it.

To-day the Usury bill passed its final reading in the House and is now a law. It is the National Bank Usury law verbatim. There was a smaller resistance to the passage of the repeal measure than might have been looked for when the prolonged fight of the last session is remembered. But it must also be remembered that the strongest friends of the bill of last session have turned against it.

The County Government bill comes up in the House on Saturday and will pass much in the shape of the bill of which I gave a synopsis last week.

I learn that some soreness has been exhibited under my censures upon the acts of the Commissioners for the Western Insane Asylum. I have not a word to disclaim. At the same time I acquit the gentlemen, who are all honorable men, from intentional fault. If the State were in condition for such a grand undertaking, there is no one more ready than myself to advocate the most elaborate and magnificent of plan and execution of public buildings, and the amplest provision that science and experience can suggest for the comfort and restoration to reason of the unfortunate subjects of insanity. These institutions are the proudest monuments of christian civilization and I would not have North Carolina a foot behind the most advanced. But now, we are not ready for such vast undertakings, nor were we two years ago, and I am sure the Legislature intended to delegate no such enlarged powers as appear to have been exercised by the commissioners. And it is certain that the action of this Legislature will show that such is not its understanding.

Nothing definite from Washington as far. Only enough to make the heart sicken in apprehension. What if a venal judge has been selected to turn the scale? But here, I will not anticipate.

The other day the Legislature was the victim of a good "sell" Everybody was on tip toe for news expected momentarily from Washington on the Florida case. In the midst of this anxiety, little boys were seen busily distributing little printed slips much like those sent out by the *News and Observer*, as telegraphic extras. They were seized and read eagerly. A flaming head line, *Latest news from Washington, Florida goes for Tilden*, and followed by half a dozen lines ostensibly connected with the heading, closing most unexpectedly with the information that—— had one dollar Wanamatta shirts to sell! The "sell" was so good that I am almost tempted to advertise the ingenious Hebrew by giving his name.

If I did not have to furnish my letter so as to reach the press in time, I could give an account of the grand masquerade ball to-morrow night at the NATIONAL at which I expect to be present. It will be an old story for my readers next week. Next Tuesday night there will be an "old folks" party at the Peace Institute at which the company will appear in the costumes of revolutionary times. This party is given for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church. When will we ever hear of a church out of debt, or where will we ever find mankind listening to any calls for relief except through appeals to their personal interests, or their love of amusement? You may raise a fund readily enough for a distressed individual provided you do it by means of some exhibition, while the same individual would be left to starve if his case were presented on its naked merits. C.

*For the Recorder.*

### THE CRY IN THE HEART.

Though the eye brightly beam
And the lips wear a smile,
And specious words flow with consummate art;
Yet, of tears there's a gleam
In the eye all the while,
For words cannot stifle the cry in the heart.

The soldier may gaze
With pride on the stream
That flows from his wound as he draws forth the dart
Yet pride cannot daze
The lovers fond dream,
And the patriot dies with a cry in the heart.

The drunkard may quaff
The cups to its dregs
To the stings of remorse some balm to impart,
Yet the prisoners draught
In his views as it lags
Cannot drown for one moment the cry in the heart.

The christian may die,
With a calm on his brow,—
From earth and its troubles even gladly depart;
Yet the stare of the eye
Cannot disguise now
That his soul took its flight with a cry from the heart

In each heart there's a wail—
There's a pang in each breast;—(to smart
A spot on each conscience that'll ne'er cease
Yet there's nought can avail
Us to give peace or rest
For the curse of our lives is the cry in the heart. S. E. J.

### SCARCITY OF MONEY.

There is no doubt but the present condition of all kinds of business and industry is fearfully depressed, and it behooves every family to look carefully to their expenses. Winter is coming on, when children are liable to Croup, Whooping Cough etc. Coughs and Colds will prevail everywhere, and Consumption, with other throat and lung diseases, will carry off many.—These diseases should not be neglected. Doctor's bills are expensive, and we would advise our people to use BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP. It never has failed. One bottle at 75 cents will keep your whole family well during the winter. Two doses will relieve any case. Sold in all towns in the United States, and by your Druggist, Dr. O. Hooker.

### Match Game of Base Ball.

A match game of Base Ball is to be played between the Eno Club of Hillsboro, and the Hamilton Club of H. M. A. on Feb 16th 77. Game to commence at 3.30 p. m. The public are respectfully invited to attend. Game to be played at the "Barracks." CADET.

Truth does not lie at the bottom of Madison Wells.

## NOTICE.

THE Gentleman who took my Battle Revival out of my office will please return it, as I cannot afford to keep Books for every.....
Feb, 14. GEO. LAWS.

### TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

CHAPEL HILL, Jan. 27th 1877.
DIALECTIC HALL.

WHEREAS; The Dialectic Society has received the painful intelligence that the hand of death has been laid upon one of her cherished members, Robert Strange, whose life has been rendered effulgent by his manly virtues, and whose generous and genial disposition gathered around him a large circle of unswerving friends, and who by his winning manners, gentlemanly demeanor and noble qualities of heart endeared himself to all:

RESOLVED; That although it has pleased Him who has power to do all things and "who giveth and taketh away" to call to his never-ending rest one who was universally beloved, and although we ought to submit unmurmuringly to this dispensation of Providence, yet we cannot but grieve that the Dialectic Society has been bereft of one of its most zealous members, his sorrowing family of a good husband and father, his community has in him sustained such an irreparable loss, the Bar of North Carolina one of its brightest ornaments; and we are only consoled by the belief that he has left this heartless world blessed with the blissful assurance of a glorious immortality."

RESOLVED; That we proffer our heartfelt sympathies to his much distressed family, and condole with them in this their hour of pain, and refer them to that mysterious and all-wise Providence that doeth all things for the best, where alone can their sorrows be alleviated.

RESOLVED; That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and also to the "Raleigh *Observer*," "Wilmington *Star*," Fayetteville *Gazette*" and "Hillsboro *Recorder*," with request for publication.

E. B. ENGELHARD,
E. J. HILL,
R. B. HENDERSON, } Com.

The petition of the citizens of Wilmington, praying the repeal of the Merchant's tax, was presented in the Senate on Friday and appropriately referred.

We have received the January number of LESLIE'S HOURS, a handsome mammoth 16 page (64 columns) family paper. Filled with the choicest literature—serial and short stories, sketches, poetry, wit, humor, &c; &c. It is entertaining, amusing and instructive, and is one of the cheapest papers—the amount and quality of matter considered—that we have seen. The price is $1.20 per year, including as premium a gemine fine line steel engraving, called "The Motherless Barn," printed on 22x28 plate paper, which the publishers claim is superior in point of merit and attractiveness to any premium ever offered by any other paper in this country, and is alone worth the money asked for both.

The publishers, J. L. Patten & Co; 162 William st; New York, authorize us to say, that in order to introduce the paper in this vicinity they make a special offer to every one of our readers to send them the paper—a "trial trip" of four months, post-paid, commencing with the January number—for 25 cents.

Our readers who avail themselves of this offer will, we feel certain, thank us for having called their attention to it. The publishers of LESLIE HOURS would like to employ some one in every place to canvass for this paper.


ACTIVE AGENTS, GENTLEMEN OR LADIES wanted instantly to introduce a splendid book.

**CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION**
DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED.

nearly 800 pages, rich Illustrations, superb bindings, very attractive, and a treasure as the best and cheapest history of the Great Exhibition. Endorsed by the officials, press and clergy. Is selling immensely. One lady of no experience has cleared $250 in four weeks. Act quickly, if at all. Now or never. For full particulars, Address HUBBARD BROS., Pubs, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE LARGEST! THE CHEAPEST!
AND
The Best Magazine.
*A Combination of the Useful, the Entertaining and the Beautiful.*
**DEMOREST'S**
*ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY.*

The Model Parlor Magazine of America. Contains the essentials of all others, including Home Interests in all its departments.

The only Reliable Fashions in all their details.

The beauties and utilities of Literature, Poetry, Sketches, Stories, Music, Floriculture, and every branch of entertaining and useful reading calculated to enliven and elevate society and make our house attractive, useful and happy.

This unrivaled Magazine will commence its sixteenth year with January, 1877, and as heretofore, of new literary, entertaining and useful subjects to which it is devoted.

With each number will be given a superb colored cabinet picture (worth the whole cost of the Magazine,) in oil, mounted on a mat ready for framing.

Every subscriber at three dollars is intitled to the selection of a premium of (which there are eighteen, delivered or forwarded immediately on receipt of the subscription. Every article offered is of first quality, including Books, and any one worth the price of subscription; chromos from Celebrated Paintings and equal to the originals, of large size and suitable for any parlor Pocket Cook Stoves; System of Dress Cutting, (this received the highest Centennial award.) Silver Plated Ware of all kinds; Stationary, Linen Marker, etc; etc; etc.

FOR CLUBS.

We have larger and more valuable premiums, including Books of all kinds, Silver-Plated Ware 8 select Saws, Scissors, Stereoscope, Games, Table Cutlery, Clocks, Adjustable Table Fluting Machines, China, Dinner and Tea sets, and numerous other desirable articles of which a full list will be furnished on application to the publishers.

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST.
17 East 14th Street, N. Y.

Mrs. Mattie Taylor,
MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,
*At the house formerly occupied by J. R. Gattis.*
HILLSBORO,
NOV. 1st, '76. N. C.

# 100 YEARS AGO.

THE GOOD OLD MAN
**SANTA CLAUS**
Has come.

Has gifts for the Young and the Old. He treats all alike—is blind. COME AND SEE HIM.

CLAUD W BROWN.
Nov. 28th '76.

THE BEST BARGAINS YET.

Handsome Brocaded Dress GOODS at 18c. worth 30c.;
Plain Dress GOODS at 12½c, 16⅔c, 20 and 25c. per yard—all much below regular price;
Striped Dress Goods in great variety at very low prices;
Black Alpacas and Mohairs from 25c. to $1,25 per yard;
Black Merinos, Bombazines, Henrietta Cloths, Australian Clothes and Cashmeres;
Hemp Carpets at 16⅔ and 25c. per yard;
Ingrain Carpets at 30, 40, 50c. and up to $1 per yard;
English Tapestry Brussels at $1,10 per yard;
Stair Carpet at all prices;
Double-Width Cotton Drugget, 18 yards wide, at 50c. worth 75c;
English Drugget and Floor Cloths;
Oil-Cloths in all widths very cheap—some two yards wide at 75c. per yard;
Oil-Cloth Rugs in all sizes;
Rugs at greatly reduced prices;
Mats and Hassocks in great variety;
Nottingham Lace Curtains at $2, 3, 4, and up to $25 a set for two windows—a save of 25 per ct. of more on these goods;
Best Tycoon Reps at 16⅔c. per yard, reduced from 25c;
Cassimere Gloves—real French, all wool good—the richest imported;
Black Silks from 50c to $3,50 per yard—we call particular attention to our SILKS at $1.50 worth $2, and at $2 worth $2,50;
Black and Colored Silk Velvets and Velveteens;
Children's Balmoral Skirts at 40c worth 75c;
Ladies' Balmoral skirts at 50c. worth $1;
Boulevard Skirts, for misses and ladies, in great variety, among which will be found the fashionable Scarlet skirts;
Hoop-Skirts and Bustles of the latest styles;
Curtain Muslins, 18 yards wide, embroidered at 25, 30 and 35c. per yard, worth 35, 40 and 50c;
Nottingham Laces for curtains at 15, 20, 25, 30, 40c. and up to $1 per yard, worth 25 per cent more;
Window Shades and Shade Materia by the yard;
The largest assortment of
*Table-Cloths Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Linen Sheetings, and Pillow-Casings in the city.*
Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings;
Table-Covers, all wool, at $1 worth 1,50;
Table-Covers, in great variety, at $1,50, 2, and up to $10;
Stand-Covers, in great variety, from 60c to $1.50
Calico Comfortables, of our manufacture (no shoddy filling) at 1,50, 2, 2,50 and 3;
White Wool Blankets at 2,50; 3, 3.50, 4, 4.50, 5, 6, and up to $15 per pair. We call particular attention to the 11-4 BLANKETS at 5 worth 6; 12-4 Blankets at 6,50 worth $10;
Colored Blankets at $1,25, 1,50, 1,75, 2 and up to $5 a pair;
Carriage Blankets in great variety. We call particular attention to the Blankets at 3,50 worth 5;
White Quilts—the largest size—at 85c worth 150; 1,50 worth $2,50;
Marseilles Quilts at 3,50 worth $6; at 4,50 worth 8;
India-Rubber Blankets at 1,50 worth $3;
Flannels of every description at prices much lower than usual;
Canton Flannels, in Bleached, Unbleached, and Colored, at all prices;
Bed-Ticks at 10, 12½, 15, 18½, 20 and 25c. per yard;
Bronze Umbrella, and Cane-Stands, for halls, at 2 worth $3;
Berege for Veils, in all colors, at 25c. per yard;
Crepe Veils and Crepe Collars and Cuffs, all at prices much below the market;
Machine-Oil in large bottles at 10c;
Machine-Needles for all the popular machines;
Reel-Thread Bobbin Edge, eighteen yards in a piece, for 25c, worth 50c. per yard;
Crochet Edgings, twelve yards in a piece, at 15 and 25c;
Everlasting Embroidery Edgings at 50c, a piece of twelve yards worth 8c, a yard;
India Rubber Neck-Chains with elegant crosses at $1 worth $2;
India Rubber and Jet Jewelry very cheap;
Celluloid Jewelry in great variety at bottom prices;
Carpet-Warp in all colors;
Bale Cotton in all Nos. from 4 to 12;
Bleached, Unbleached and Colored Knitting Cotton;
Cloaks in great variety at greatly reduced prices a nice assortment on hand;
Shawls of every description—we call partical attention to our stock of BROCHE and BLACK MERINO SHAWLS;
WHITE DRESS SHIRTS of our manufacture, made of the best Wamsutta Cotton and pure Irish Linen, have only to be laundried before wearing, price $1;
Note-Papers and Envelopes, in boxes, at 15, 20, 25, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60 and 75 a box, containing twenty four sheets of paper and twenty-four envelopes;
Excellent Note-Paper at $1 per ream;
Heavy Envelopes at 50c. per box of 250;
Hair, Nail, Tooth and Clothes Brushes in all qualities, very cheap;
Dressing, Fine and Round Combs of all styles;
Sets of Collars and Cuffs, trimmed with colors, at 12 Ac. worth 50c. a set;
All kinds of Ladies' Garments, such as Chemises, Night-Gowns, Dressing Sacques, Drawers, Corset-Covers, Skirts, Wrappers, Aprons, and READY MADE DRESSES;
Cotton and Linen Diaper, India-Rubber Cloth, and India-Rubber Diapers;
Hamburgh Edgings and Insertings at the lowest prices ever offered—some as low as 4c. per yard;
Buckskin Under-Garments, Merino Underwear for men, women and children;
Cardigan Jackets, Suspenders, Gloves, Socks, Collars, and Cuffs;
Mottoes on perforated cards;
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Thousands of other articles—all to be closed out low at

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MALE AND FEMALE.
J. LONG BROWER,
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*The fourth Session will begin Jan. 11th. and continue twenty weeks.*

THE Principals have secured the services of two accomplished ladies who, with their experience and superior attainments, are thoroughly qualified for their respective department.

The Primary department will be under the care of Miss Ara Hall; the Music, under charge of Miss Florence Gaunaway.

Natural Science and Mathematics will receive special attention from J. L. Brower, while Mr. Sam Bradshaw will give his exclusive attention to Latin, Greek and the Modern Languages.

The school is under the discipline of strict rules which will be, in all cases, rigidly executed. Situated in a healthy and strictly moral community ten miles North of Hillsboro, it offers every advantage of a first Class High School.

For circular and further information, apply to either Principal at CALDWELL, Orange County.
Nov. 1st '76. N. C.

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Farm and Road Wagons.
*FARMERS FRIEND PLOWS.*
OLIVERS CHILLED PLOWS.
YOUNG AMERICA
**Corn & Cob Mills,**
Indispensible to every feeder of Stock.
METAL LINED
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The only implement which will take the Partridge Pea, and Cockle out of Wheat.
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For all the leading Plows, in use. Smooth, tough, and well fitting.
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*TOBACCO FACTORY FIXTURES.*
We make Tobacco Shapes, Billets, Bands, Tins, Plates &c. &c., in the best manner and fully warrant all our work.
Correspondence solicited, and estimates for work promptly furnished.
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Nov. 22.

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**MILLENERY**
MRS. TAYLOR has now on hand a choice selection of
*Millenery Fancy Goods and Notions.*
At lowest prices for CASH and Country PRODUCE.
Will receive weekly the latest novelties in Millenery &c., from the best houses.
Be sure to call at
NOV. 1. MRS. TAYLOR'S.

THE
VIRGINIA PROTECTION
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Presents a Plan by which the Benefits of Life Insurance may be secured at about One-Third the Usual Cost.
*Thirteen Cents invested each day will secure to your family $5.000.*
*PAID UP CAPITAL,* $ 50.000.
*AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,* 200,000.
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October 9th '76 1y.

**VICK'S**
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS
Are the best the world produces. They are planted by a million people in America, and the result is, beautiful Flowers and splendid Vegetables. A priced Catalogue sent free to all who enclose the postage—a 2 cent stamp.
VICK'
*FLOWER & VEGETABLE GARDEN*
Is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages, hundreds of illustrations, & Four Chromo Plates of Flowers, beautifully drawn and colored from nature. Price 35 in paper; 65c. bound in elegant cloth.
*VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE*
This is a beautiful Quarterly Journal, finely illustrated, and containing an elegant colored frontispiece with the first number. Price only 25 cents for the year. The first number for 1877 just issued. Address
JAMES VICK,
nov 22 Rochester, N. Y.

# Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....FEB. 14. 1877.


## THE RECORDER.


IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $1 50 per annum, or 75c. for six months—invariably in advance.


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### FARMS ON SHARES.

The rules for letting farms on shares, says T. B. Miner, in the *World*, vary in some respects in different parts of the Union. As a general rule, the agreement is in substance as follows: The owner turns over his farm, dwelling, barns, etc; to the tenant on the first day of April, with what manure may be on the place. The tenant agrees to furnish the team, or teams, to do the work, as well as all the farm implements that are necessary. He also furnishes, half the seed and half the cows, pigs and poultry to stock the farm, and agrees to keep the fences in repair and to work out or pay the road tax. He is to have half of all crops, and half of the butter, cheese, milk, pork, beef, eggs and poultry produced. But in regard to the owner's half, there should be a plain stipulation now he is to receive it—whether to be delivered to him, or he to come and get his part at the farm. If delivered by the tenant, he would be entitled to some compensation for the delivery. The team used to do the work is allowed to be pastured and fed from the undivided hay and grain, and the tenant should be allowed a garden large enough to produce his green vegetables only. The owner pays the taxes. If anything is needed not contemplated when the bargain was made, each must pay half the expenses, as more manure than was on the place, more cows, swine, etc; but both parties must acquiesce in obtaining these extra articles, as neither party can demand of the other anything not in the contract. When extra work is done, as ditching, making new fences, etc; it is best that the agreement be put in writing, as some men's memories are not very accurate. In brief, let the contract cover every thing; but be liberal to the poor tenant, as he will generally perform a great deal of hard work for a small compensation.

### CULTURE OF BROOM CORN.

Broom corn requires rich soil; bottom land is the best, an it should be as free from grass as possible. The reason for choosing clean land will appear plain to a man who has raised a crop. The ground should be well plowed and made perfectly fine with the harrow, then marked out with shallow marks if to be planted by hand, so as not to get the seed too deep in the ground; but the best plan is to plant with a drill. The stalks must be as close as five or six inches, to prevent the straw from becoming too heavy. Of course it cannot be drilled with much regularity, but must be cut out with the hoe to the right distance when small. It is like sorghum, grows slow while small, and on most land it is positively necessary to hoe the grass out, which gives a good opportunity for cutting out to the right distance. After this is done the cultivation is similar to that of corn. When the seed begins to fill the straw will bend over from the weight, and to prevent this the full force of the hands must be put to break the stalks over say ten or twelve inches from where the straw grows out, or more properly the head. The weight of the seed will then, by hanging down, keep the straw straight. Now comes the busy season and the time when labor and care will add much to the value of the crop. The green straw being altogether the most valuable, it is important that it be cut before it turns red and dried in the shade. To do this a shed is necessary, with shelves on which to lay it, say six inches deep, and enough hands be employed to cut the crop before any or much of it turns red. The seed is stripped by means of a machine made for the purpose, with two cylinders between which the corn is held in handfuls. The process is very rapid, only an instant being necessary to knock the seed all off. The corn is baled before being sent to market. The price is very fluctuating, running from $60 to $250 per ton.—*Journal of Agriculture.*

### A LARGE FARM CHEWED UP.

At the age of twelve years I commenced the use of tobacco, with the opinion that it looked manly to use it. I had considerable difficulty in forming the habit. I was very often sick and blinded from the effect of it, but by-and-bye the habit was formed and I was a tobacco chewer, ejecting from my mouth tobacco juice. My parents tried to prevail upon me not to use it, but in vain. I hid my plugs about the barn. As a source of expenditure the habit was a success. I was able in a year or two to use fifty cents' worth a week. It puzzled me greatly to provide the spare change to enable me to continue the luxury (as I esteemed it.) Frequently the use of it produced nervousness and prostration. I was often subject to great inconvenience in entering the house of some tidy housekeeper to find a place to spit; was often compelled to hold the tobacco in my mouth until it was full and running over, then a rush for the door. At other times I would swallow the juice, which would produce a burning sensation in my stomach, causing an increased flow of saliva: still I persisted in the use of the weed. [illegible] spent away, through which I had probably averaged fifty cents a week, or $26 a year. Having a little leisure one rainy day, I began a calculation of what it had cost me, principal and interest, in twenty years, which I found to be $1,500, that is, if the $26 each year had been loaned at ten per cent interest and compounded annually; this brought me to the age of thirty-two years, when I found that the $1,500 loaned at ten per cent interest and compounded annually in twenty-eight years or by the time I would be sixty years of age would amount to nearly $24,000. I passed my fingers through my hair, and thought what a good sized farm that would buy. And yet how man hav chewed on to sixty years of age, chewing up two or three farms. I quit, and have enjoyed life better for it.—*Billy Biddles, in Co-operative Journal.*

There seems to be nothing like faith One of the deacons of a church in a neighboring town, recently wrote to a friend: "We have secured Rev. Mr. Smith at a salary of $200 a year, and are hoping for a great work of grace."


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RESPECTFULLY offered by W. H. TUTT, M.D., for many years Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Medical College of Georgia.

Thirty years' experience in the practice of medicine, together with fifteen years' test of Tutt's Pills, and the thousands of testimonials given of their efficacy, warrant me in saying that they will positively cure all diseases that result from a diseased liver. They are not recommended for all the ills that afflict humanity, but for Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, Skin Diseases, Bilious Colic, Rheumatism, Palpitation of the Heart, Kidney Affections, Female Complaints, &c., all of which result from a derangement of the Liver, no medicine has ever proven so successful as Dr. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TUTT'S PILLS REQUIRE NO CHANGE OF DIET.

TUTT'S PILLS ARE PURELY VEGETABLE.

TUTT'S PILLS NEVER GRIPE OR NAUSEATE.

THE DEMAND FOR TUTT'S PILLS is not confined to this country, but extends to all parts of the world.

A CLEAR HEAD, elastic limbs, good digestion, sound sleep, buoyant spirits, fine appetite, are some of the results of the use of TUTT'S PILLS.

AS A FAMILY MEDICINE TUTT'S PILLS ARE THE BEST—PERFECTLY HARMLESS.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. PRICE, TWENTY-FIVE CTS.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE 18 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

## DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT.

This unrivaled preparation has performed some of the most astonishing cures that are recorded in the annals of history. Patients suffering for years from the various diseases of the Lungs, after trying different remedies, spending thousands of dollars in traveling and doctoring, have, by the use of a few bottles, *entirely recovered their health.*

### "WON'T GO TO FLORIDA."

New York, August 30, 1872.

DR. TUTT:

Dear Sir:—When in Aiken, last winter, I used your Expectorant for my cough, and realized more benefit from it than anything I ever took. I am so well that I will not go to Florida next winter as I intended. Send me one dozen bottles, by express, for some friends.

ALFRED CUSHING,
123 West Thirty-first Street.

Boston, January 11, 1874.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Dr. Tutt's Expectorant for diseases of the lungs for the past two years, and to my knowledge many bottles have been used by my patients with the happiest results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place the Expectorant effected a cure.

R. H. SPRAGUE, M.D.

"We can not speak too highly of Dr. Tutt's Expectorant, and for the sake of suffering humanity hope it may become more generally known."—CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00

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63 North Howard St. BALTIMORE, MD

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

Would call special attention to their extensive Stock of Dress Goods, Linen Goods, Embroideries, Laces and Hosiery; the best assortment of Mourning Goods in this city.

*SAMPLES SENT FREE!*

All orders amounting to $20.00 or over, will be sent free of freight charges by Express, but parties whose orders are not accompanied by the money, and having their goods sent C. O. D., must pay for return of the money.

Feb. 23 ly.

## Dr. M. C. Cameron,
## Dentist.

OFFICE over Hooker's Drug Store, where he can be found at all times, except when absent Professionally.

May 3. 1y.

JOHN W. GRAHAM, Hillsboro, N. C. — JAMES A. GRAHAM, Graham, N. C.

GRAHAM & GRAHAM.
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WILL practice in Superior Courts of Orange and Alamance, and adjoining Counties. Also, in Supreme Court of the State and Federal Courts. Nov. 1, 1872.

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*We want 500 more First Class Sewing Machine Agents, and 500 Men of Energy and Ability to learn the business of selling Sewing Machines. Compensation liberal, but varying according to Ability, Character & qualifications of the agent. For particulars, address*

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., CHICAGO.
827 & 829 Broadway, New York or New Orleans, La.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H HALLETT & CO. Portland Maine.

$2500 A YEAR. Agents Wanted on our Grand Combination Prospectus, representing 150 DISTINCT BOOKS wanted everywhere. The Biggest Thing Ever Tried. Sales made from this when all single Books fail. Also, Agents wanted on our Magnificent Family BIBLES. Superior to all others. With invaluable ILLUSTRATED AIDS and Superb Bindings. These Books beat the World. Full particulars free. Address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

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25 EXTRA FINE MIXED CARDS, with name 10 cents, post-paid. L. JONES & Co. Nassau, N. Y.

$55 ≥ $77 A Week to Agents. Sample FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$500 A MONTH to Active Men selling our LETTER Copying Book. No press, or water used. Sample copy worth $3.00 free. Send stamp for circular. EXCELSIOR M'F'G. CO. 99 Madison, and 132 Dearborn St., Chicago.

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THE LITTLE ROCK AND FORT SMITH

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## THE SUN.

1877. NEW YORK. 1877.

The different editions of THE SUN during the next year will be the same as during the year that has just passed. The daily edition will on week days be a sheet of four pages, and on Sundays a sheet of eight pages, or 26 broad columns; while the weekly edition will be a sheet of eight pages of the same dimensions and character that are already familiar to our friends.

THE SUN will continue to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the substitution of statesmanship, wisdom, and integrity for hollow pretence imbecility, and fraud in the administration of public affairs. It will contend for the government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot-box and in the counting of votes, enforced by military violence. It will endeavor to supply its readers—a body now not far from a million of souls—with the most careful, complete, and trustworthy accounts of current events, and will employ for this purpose a numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its reports from Washington, especially, will be full, accurate, and fearless; and it will doubtless continue to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it will endeavor to merit the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

The price of the daily SUN will be 55 a month or $6.50 a year, post paid, or with the Sunday edition $7.70 a year. The SUNDAY edition alone, eight pages, $1.20 a year, post paid. The WEEKLY SUN, eight pages, of 56 broad columns, will be furnished during 1877 at the rate of $1 a year post paid.

The benefit of this large reduction from the previous rate for THE WEEKLY can be enjoyed by individual subscribers without the necessity of making up clubs. At the same time, if any of our friends choose to aid in extending our circulation, we shall be grateful to them, and every such person sending us ten or more subscribers from one place will be entitled to one copy of the paper for himself without charge. At one dollar a year, postage paid, the expenses of paper and printing are barely repaid; and, considering the size of the sheet and the quality of its contents, we are confident the people will consider THE WEEKLY SUN the cheapest newspaper published in the world, and we trust also one of the very best.

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*Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W.*

—o—

*Condensed Time Table,* in effect on and after Sunday, Dec. 10th, 1876.

GOING NORTH.

| | STATIONS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv | Charlotte | 4.55 a. m. |
| " | Air Line Junc'n | 5.00 " |
| " | Salisbury | 7.03 " |
| " | Greensboro | 9.55 " |
| " | Danville, | 12.28 p. m. |
| " | Dundee, | 12.40 " |
| " | Burkeville, | 5.05 " |
| Ar. at | Richmond, | 7.48 p. m. |

GOING SOUTH.

| | STATIONS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave | Richmond, | 7.30 a. m. |
| " | Burkville | 10.46 " |
| " | Dundee, | 2.53 p. m. |
| " | Danville | 2.50 " |
| " | Greensboro | 5.40 " |
| " | Salisbury, | 8.15 " |
| " | Air-Line jctn. | 10.25 " |
| Ar. at | Charlotte. | 10.37 " |

| GOING EAST. | | GOING WEST. |
|---|---|---|
| STATIONS. | MAIL. | MAIL. |
| Leave Greensboro' | 10.05 a. m. | Arr. 5.25pm |
| " Co. Shops | 11.21 a. m. | Lv 4.15 " |
| Arr. at Raleigh | 2.43p m | Ar. 12.30p m |
| Arr. at Goldsboro' | 5.15 " | L've 10.10 am |

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

*SALEM BRANCH.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Greensboro | 5.30 p. m. |
| Arrive at Salem | 7.40 a. m. |
| Leave Salem. | 7.30 a. m. |
| Arrive at Greensboro, | 9.35 " |

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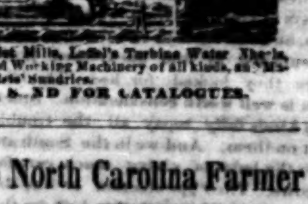
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